STRENSIQ® (asfotase alfa) Prescription (Rx) Form for the Treatment of Pediatric-Onset* Hypophosphatasia (HPP)

Phone: 1-844-787-6747 (ext 8008) Fax: 1-844-787-2527

Fax this form to PANTHERx Rare to document medical necessity for initiating treatment. Note: Additional Information may be required based on insurance plan.

*Patients with perinatal/infantile- and juvenile-onset HPP

administration of STRENSIQ.

Patient information		Prescriber information	
First name: Last name:		First name: Last name:	
Address:		Professional designation:	
City: St	ate: ZIP code:	Physician specialty:	NPI#:
Date of birth: Sex: Male Female		Office contact name:	
Email address:		Office contact phone:	
Phone:		Office contact email:	
☐ Home ☐ Work ☐ Cell		Preferred method of contact: Phone Email	
OK to leave message OK to text		Clinic/hospital affiliation:	
Parent (guardian)/caregiver name(s) (if applicable):		Address:	
		City:State:2	ZIP code:
Primary diagnosis:		Phone: Fax:	
ICD-10: E83.3 - Disorders of phosphorus metabolism and phosphatases		Healthcare and prescription drug i	
☐ ICD-10: E83.31 - Familial hypophosphatemia (perinatal/infantile- and juvenile-onset HPP) [†]		Please attach copies of both sides of patient's healthcare and prescription drug insurance card(s).	
ICD-10: E83.39 - Other disorders of phosphorus metabolism (perinatal/infantile- and juvenile-onset HPP) [†]		Primary insurance: Member ID:	
†These ICD-10 diagnosis codes are not intended to be promotional or to encourage or		Group number:	
suggest a use of drug that is inconsistent with FDA-approved use. The codes provided are not exhaustive and additional codes may apply. Descriptions in parentheses were added by Alexion for clarification and do not appear in these ICD-10 codes.		Policy holder first name:	
		Policy holder last name:	
Required labs and/or documentation:		Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM):	
Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)			
Pyridoxal-5'-phosphate (PLP) or phosphoethanolamine (PEA)		Rx BIN:	
Perinatal/infantile-onset HPP signs and symptoms		Rx PCN: Rx Group:	
Juvenile-onset HPP signs and symptoms		ιλλ αιοάβ.	
Current HPP signs and symptoms		Prescriber authorization	
Please attach copies of lab values if available.		PLEASE NOTE: In New York, please attach copies of all	
D : .: (OTDE	1010	prescriptions on official New York State	
Prescription for STRENSIQ		I authorize the Specialty Pharmacy as my designated agent and on behalf of my patient to forward the above statement of medical necessity and furnish any information on this form to the insurer of the above-named patient.	
Patient's current weight:kg orlb			
Date of weight:/ STRENSIQ is a weight-based medication with two concentrations, 40 mg/1.0 mL and 80 mg/0.8 mL, which can be utilized independently or in combination depending on a patient's weight. It is recommended to check both dosing concentration boxes below for patients weighing >40 kg to permit specialty pharmacy PANTHERx Rare to determine vial strengths and minimize waste.			
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		SIGNATURE STAMPS NOT ACCEPTABLE	
Dosing concentration	Dosing frequency	Prescriber signature (dispense as written)	Date
40 mg/1.0 mL	1 mg/kg, 6 times per week		
	2 mg/kg, 3 times per week	CIONATUDE CTANADO NOTA COESTA SUS	
	Other:	SIGNATURE STAMPS NOT ACCEPTABLE	
and/or		Prescriber signature (substitution permitted	d) Date
80 mg/0.8 mL			
(is not recommended for use	2 mg/kg, 3 times per week		
in pediatric patients <40 kg)	Other:		
Dispense 28-day supply	5	Please see Important Safety Inform	
Refill X 11 or	Other:	full Prescribing Information for ST	
Pharmacy will dispense needles	and syringes required for subcutaneous	including Boxed WARNING regardi	ng hypersensitivity

reactions including anaphylaxis.

INDICATION

STRENSIQ® (asfotase alfa) is indicated for the treatment of patients with perinatal/infantile- and juvenile-onset hypophosphatasia (HPP).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION INCLUDING BOXED WARNING

WARNING: HYPERSENSITIVITY REACTIONS INCLUDING ANAPHYLAXIS

Patients treated with enzyme replacement therapies have experienced life-threatening hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis. Anaphylaxis has occurred during the early course of enzyme replacement therapy and after extended duration of therapy.

Initiate STRENSIQ under the supervision of a healthcare provider with appropriate medical monitoring and support measures. If a severe hypersensitivity reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) occurs, discontinue STRENSIQ and immediately initiate appropriate medical treatment, including use of epinephrine. Inform patients of the symptoms of lifethreatening hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis and to seek immediate medical care should symptoms occur [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Life-threatening hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported in STRENSIQ-treated patients. Signs and symptoms consistent with anaphylaxis included difficulty breathing, choking sensation, nausea, periorbital edema, and dizziness. These reactions have occurred within minutes after subcutaneous administration of STRENSIQ and have been observed more than 1 year after treatment initiation. Other hypersensitivity reactions have also been reported in STRENSIQ-treated patients, including vomiting, fever, headache, flushing, irritability, chills, erythema, rash, pruritus, and oral hypoesthesia. Consider the risks and benefits of re-administering STRENSIQ following a severe reaction. If the decision is made to re-administer, monitor patients for a reoccurrence of signs and symptoms of a severe hypersensitivity reaction.
- Lipodystrophy: Localized lipodystrophy, including lipoatrophy and lipohypertrophy has been reported at injection sites after several months in patients treated with STRENSIQ in clinical trials. Advise patients to follow proper injection technique and to rotate injection sites.
- Ectopic Calcifications: Patients with HPP are at increased risk for developing ectopic calcifications. Events of ectopic calcification, including ophthalmic (conjunctival and corneal) and renal (nephrocalcinosis, nephrolithiasis), have been reported in the clinical trial experience with STRENSIQ. There was insufficient information to determine whether the reported events were consistent with the disease or due to STRENSIQ. No visual changes or changes in renal function were reported resulting from the occurrence of ectopic calcifications.

Ophthalmology examinations and renal ultrasounds are recommended at baseline and periodically during treatment with STRENSIQ to monitor for signs and symptoms of

- ophthalmic and renal ectopic calcifications and for changes in vision or renal function.
- **Possible Immune-Mediated Clinical Effects:** In clinical trials, most STRENSIQ-treated patients developed anti-asfotase alfa antibodies and neutralizing antibodies which resulted in reduced systemic exposure of asfotase alfa. In postmarketing reports, some STRENSIO-treated patients with initial therapeutic response subsequently developed recurrence and worsening in disease-associated laboratory and radiographic biomarkers (some in association with neutralizing antibodies) suggesting possible immune-mediated effects on STRENSIQ's pharmacologic action resulting in disease progression. The effect of anti-asfotase alfa antibody formation on the long-term efficacy of STRENSIQ is unknown. There are no marketed anti-asfotase alfa antibody tests. If patients experience progression of HPP symptoms or worsening of diseaseassociated laboratory and imaging biomarkers after a period of initial therapeutic response to STRENSIQ, consider obtaining anti-asfotase alfa antibody testing by contacting STRENSIQ Medical Information at Alexion at 1-888-765-4747 or by email at medinfo@alexion.com. Close clinical follow up is recommended.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

In clinical trials, the most common adverse reactions (\geq 10%) reported were injection site reactions (63%), lipodystrophy (28%), ectopic calcifications (14%), and hypersensitivity reactions (12%). Possible immune-mediated clinical effects have been identified during post-approval use of STRENSIQ.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

Drug Interference with Laboratory Tests:

- Laboratory tests utilizing alkaline phosphatase (ALP) as a
 detection reagent could result in erroneous test results for
 patients receiving treatment due to the presence of asfotase alfa
 in clinical laboratory samples. Inform laboratory personnel that
 the patient is being treated with STRENSIQ and discuss use of
 an alternative testing platform which does not utilize an ALPconjugated test system.
- Elevated serum ALP measurements detected through clinical laboratory testing are expected in patients receiving STRENSIQ due to circulating concentrations of asfotase alfa. Do not rely on serum ALP measurements for clinical decision making in patients treated with STRENSIO.

SPECIAL POPULATIONS

 Pregnancy & Lactation: There are no available data on STRENSIQ use in pregnant women, the presence of STRENSIQ in human milk, or the effects on the breastfed infant or on milk production, to inform a drug associated risk.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-844-259-6783 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch

Please see full Prescribing Information for STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa), including Boxed WARNING regarding hypersensitivity reactions including anaphylaxis.

